

40673843

APPROVED FOR RELEASE 2011

DESCRIPTION

DATA MATCHING METHOD, DATA MATCHING APPARATUS AND DATA MATCHING PROGRAM

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Technical Field

The present invention relates to a data matching method and a data matching system (apparatus) which is applied to an object whose state changes and matches a data of a state change object at a certain time with a data at a different time of the object. Also, the present invention relates to a data matching program which is applied to an object whose state changes and matches a data of a state change object at a certain time with a data at a different time of the object. In particular, the present invention relates to a data matching method and a data matching system (apparatus) which match from an image and voice of biometrics information such as a face, a voiceprint or the like of a person at a certain time, an image and voice at a different time of the biometrics information, and relates to a data matching program which matches from an image and voice of biometrics information such as a face, a voiceprint or the like of a person at a certain time, an image and voice at a different time of the biometrics information.

Background Art

When matching is executed for a data of an object whose state changes, there may be a trouble
5 at a matching of a data of certain time with a data at a different time. For example, in the case of the data with regard to the object whose state changes as represented by biometrics information, such as the face, voice and the like of a person, ageing causes
10 the loss of the feature of the youth, and the feature after the ageing appears, or the change in emotion causes the feature of the face and voice to be unnoticeable, or the other feature to be outstanding. Thus, the data in the state at a certain time is
15 different from the data in the state at the other time even in the data of the same object, and may possibly result in the trouble at the matching.

As an example of the method of generating the data after the shape is changed by adding a feature
20 from the data at a certain time, a method of generating the face image after the ageing from the face in the younger age when the aging is added to the face image. For example, a computer graphics (CG) is used to draw the feature after the ageing, such as wrinkle and the
25 like, to the face in the younger age and consequently generate the face image after the ageing from the face in the younger age.

Also, in U.S. Patent No.6556196, an image processing method is described, which in a case of processing a face image, refines the addition of an aging feature and an expression feature to an image by using a three-dimensional model, and can add even the unclear feature to the image. By this image processing method, a typical model of a deformable face is generated from a three-dimensional face data stored in a face database and an input face image is pasted on a generated model. Then, in order to give a feature change including the state change, a modeler is used to deform the model.

In Japanese Laid Open Patent Application (JP-P 2000-132675A), a face identifying and matching method is described, which is characterized by studying in advance the feature of an image variation caused by a difference in photographing conditions or photographing timing for each classified class, and selecting a class from a difference between two face images where at least one of the photographing condition and the photographing timing is different, and determining the feature amount where the feature amount of the image variation in the class selected from the two face images is reduced, respectively, and then executing the face identification and matching in accordance with the feature amounts of the two face images.

In Japanese Laid Open Patent Application (JP-P 2003-233671A), a method of estimating a development of at least one state in a body outer surface portion of a target person is described, by which a first data indicating at least one state is received, a second data to reflect how at least one state on the body outer surface is expected to be developed in association with a time elapse is received, and an estimation development of at least one state in accordance with the first data and the second data is generated and then the estimation development to the target person is sent.

Disclosure of Invention

In the case of matching the data by adding a feature to generate a state changed data, the procedure for generating the feature change caused by the aging, the expression change or the like is not always established. When the generating procedure for the feature change is not established, a human must imitate an actually existing feature and write on the data. Thus, a manual process or a semi-automatic process which requires an effort close to the manual work must be executed.

Also, in the case that the data is matched by using the state change data generated by adding a feature, differently from the drawing of the local

relatively clear feature, the addition of the state
change that is global and difficult to grasp
intuitively by drawing on is difficult. Thus, the
state change that is global and difficult to grasp
5 intuitively is difficult to treat.

In the image processing method noted in U.S.
Patent No.6556196, a pre-prepared sample is used and
the state feature is given to the image. Thus, even
in the case of generating the face image of arbitral
10 person, the feature of the same state change is
generated on the same portion. For example, in the
case of generating the face image of arbitral person,
the same wrinkle is generated on the same portion.

Also, in the image processing method noted in
15 U.S. Patent No.6556196, the usage where the state
feature suitable for the matching face is added is
not assumed. Thus, whether or not the generated
sample has the state feature suitable for the face
matching is uncertain. Hence, there is a possibility
20 that a face image to which an unnatural state feature
is added is generated.

Also, the image processing method described
in U.S. Patent No.6556196 does not assume the purpose
where the state change is added to the image by
25 determining the change given to the image which is
corresponding to the state. Thus, when the state
change to be added to the image is determined, the

work load on a user is heavy.

It is therefore a subject of the present invention to provide a data matching method, a data matching apparatus and a data matching program which, for generating a state changed data, use for matching the state changed data where the peculiarity of an object is considered in accordance with the relative relation of the same object, and can consequently improve the matching performance of the data involving the state change.

Also, the present invention has the subject to provide a data matching method, a data matching apparatus and a data matching program which add a statistical state change to the data before the state change, and use for the matching of the state change data to which the feature of the global state change is added, and can consequently improve the matching performance of the data involving the state change.

Also, the present invention has the subject to provide a data matching method, a data matching apparatus and a data matching program which give a correspondence of a configuration component between respective categories and use for the matching of the state change data to which a typical state change for each age is added, and can consequently improve the matching performance of the data at a particular state.

Moreover, the present invention has the subject to provide a data matching method, a data matching apparatus and a data matching program which can add the statistical state change to the data prior
5 to the state change and automatically generate the state change data to be generated at the time of the matching and can suppress the load on a worker at the time of the data matching.

A data matching method according to the
10 present invention includes: a configuration component accumulation step accumulating a configuration component generated by decomposing a measuring quantity of an object by a predetermined method and a plurality of states of the object each
15 of which is corresponding to the configuration component; a component decomposition step decomposing a measuring quantity of a matching target object into the configuration component at a predetermined state of the plurality of states; a
20 parameter conversion step converting a parameter corresponding to the configuration component of the predetermined state into a converted parameter of a second state of the plurality of states different from the predetermined state; a state change data
25 generating step generating a state change data by adding a predetermined state change to a data of the matching target object by using the configuration

component accumulated in the configuration component
accumulation step and the converted parameter; and
a matching step matching the state change data and
a matching data accumulated in advance. Under such
5 configuration, the data generated by adding the state
information to an input data is used for executing
the matching. As a result, the matching performance
of the data involving the state change is improved.

In the data matching method according to the
10 present invention, the predetermined method is the
principal component analysis.

A data matching method according to the
present invention includes: a configuration
component accumulation step accumulating a
15 configuration component generated by decomposing a
measuring quantity of an object by a predetermined
method and a plurality of states of the object each
of which is corresponding to the configuration
component; a connecting step connecting a parameter
20 corresponding to the configuration component at a
first state of the plurality of states and a parameter
corresponding to the configuration component at a
second state through a conversion using a learning;
a state change data generation step generating a state
25 change data of the second state by converting a data
of the matching target object at the first state
through a conversion using the learning; and a

matching step matching the state change data and a matching data accumulated in advance. According to such configuration, the matching performance of the data involving the state change is improved.

5 Moreover, the configuration of the data matching apparatus is simplified. The "learning" implies the generation of a face image, for example, in accordance with the conversion using a neural network, by defining state-specific data of a same person as a
10 learning data.

In the data matching method according to the present invention, the data of the matching target is a biometrics data of human being. The biometrics data means, for example, an image of a portion of a
15 human body exemplified as the face and the fingerprint, the one-dimensional data of the voice such as sound and the like, and the three-dimensional data of the face shape.

In the data matching method according to the
20 present invention, each of the plurality of states corresponds to a state at a different time through a course of aging.

In the data matching method according to the present invention, the measuring quantity is an image
25 of a face.

The data matching apparatus according to the present invention is a computer having a function of

executing each of the steps included in the data matching method according to the present invention. The data matching program according to the present invention instructs the computer to execute the data
5 matching method according to the present invention.

The data matching method according to the present invention is the data matching method for matching the data of the object of the matching target with the data included in a data group and
10 corresponding to the object of the matching target and is characterized by including: a matching data accumulating step of accumulating in advance the data group registered for the matching; a component decomposing step of decomposing the data of the
15 matching target into the configuration component in a predetermined state; a parameter converting step of converting the parameter corresponding to the configuration component in the predetermined state into a parameter (attained by coefficients c_i , d_i of
20 the configuration component) in a state different from the predetermined state; a state change data generating step of accumulating the configuration component of the data classified into each state, and using the accumulated configuration component and the
25 parameter converted at the parameter converting step, and then generating the state change data where a predetermined state change is given to the data of

the matching target; and a matching step of matching the state change data generated at the state change data generating step with a matching data group accumulated at the matching data accumulating step.

5 Also, the data matching method is the data matching method, which matches the data of the object of the matching target with the data included in the data group and corresponding to the object of the matching target and may include: a matching data
10 accumulating step of accumulating in advance the data group registered for the matching; a state change data generating step of generating the state change data where the data in the predetermined state is changed into the data in the different state from the
15 predetermined state, in accordance with the conversion formed through the learning through the data classified into each state; and a matching step of matching the state change data generated at the state change data generating step with the matching
20 data group accumulated at the matching data accumulating step.

 Also, the data matching method is the data matching method, which matches the biometrics data of a person with the biometrics data included in the
25 data group and corresponding to a person and may include: the matching data accumulating step of accumulating in advance the data group registered for

the matching; a component decomposing step of decomposing the biometrics data of the matching target into the configuration component in the predetermined state; the parameter converting step
5 of converting the parameter corresponding to the configuration component in the predetermined state into the parameter in the state different from the predetermined state; the state change data generating step of accumulating the configuration component of
10 the biometrics data classified into each state, and using the accumulated configuration component and the parameter converted at the parameter converting step, and then generating the state change data where the predetermined state change is given to the biometrics
15 data of the matching target; and the matching step of matching the state change data generated at the state change data generating step with the matching data group accumulated at the matching data accumulating step.

20 Also, the data matching method is the data matching method, which matches the biometrics data of the person with the biometrics data included in the data group and corresponding to a person and may include: the matching data accumulating step of
25 accumulating in advance the data group registered for the matching; the state change data generating step of generating the state change data where the

biometrics data in the predetermined state is changed into the biometrics data in the state different from the predetermined state, in accordance with the conversion formed through the learning through the biometrics data classified into each state; and the matching step of matching the state change data generated at the state change data generating step with the matching data group accumulated at the matching data accumulating step.

Also, in the data matching method, the component decomposing step decomposes the biometrics data into the configuration component after the predetermined ageing, and the parameter converting step converts the parameter corresponding to the configuration component after the predetermined ageing into the parameter after the ageing different from the predetermined ageing, and the state change data generating step accumulates the configuration component of the biometrics data classified into each ageing, and uses the accumulated configuration component and the parameter converted at the parameter converting step, and then generates the aging data (attained by the state change data) where the predetermined aging is given to the biometrics data, and the matching step matches the aging data generated at the state change generating step with the matching data group accumulated at the matching

data accumulating step.

Also, in the data matching method, the state
change data generating step generates the aging data
where the biometrics data after the predetermined
5 ageing is changed into the biometrics data after the
ageing different from the predetermined ageing, in
accordance with the conversion formed through the
learning through the biometrics data classified into
each ageing, and the matching step matches the aging
10 data generated at the state change generating step
with the matching data group accumulated in the
matching data accumulating step.

Also, the data matching method is the data
matching method of matching a face image of a person
15 of a matching target with a face image included in
a face image group and corresponding to a person and
may include: a matching data accumulating step of
accumulating in advance the face image group
registered for the matching; a component decomposing
20 step of decomposing the face image into the
configuration component in a predetermined
expression; a parameter converting step of converting
a parameter corresponding to the configuration
component in the predetermined expression into a
25 parameter in the expression different from the
predetermined expression; an expression change data
generating step of accumulating the configuration

component of the face image classified into each expression, and using the accumulated configuration component and the parameter converted at the parameter converting step and then generating an
5 expression change data (attained by the state change data) where a predetermined expression change is given to the face image; and the matching step of matching the expression change data generated at the expression change data generating step with the
10 matching data group accumulated at the configuration component accumulating step.

Also, the data matching method is the data matching method of matching the face image of a person of the matching target with the face image
15 corresponding to the person included in the face image group and may include the matching data accumulating step of accumulating in advance the face image group registered for the matching; the expression change data generating step of generating the expression
20 change data where the face image in the predetermined expression is changed into the face image in the expression different from the predetermined expression, in accordance with the conversion using the study through the face image classified into each
25 expression; and the matching step of matching the expression change data generated at the expression change data generating step with the matching data

group accumulated at the matching data accumulating step.

The data matching apparatus according to the present invention is the data matching apparatus
5 which matches the data of the object of the matching target with the data corresponding to the object of the matching target included in the data group and is characterized by including: a component decomposing unit (attained by a component analyzing
10 unit 101) for decomposing the data of the matching target into the configuration component in the predetermined state; a parameter converting unit (attained by a component coefficient converting unit 103) for converting the parameter corresponding to
15 the configuration component in the predetermined state into the parameter in the different state from the predetermined state; a state change data generating unit (attained by a state change data generating unit 102) for accumulating the
20 configuration component of the data classified into each state, and using the accumulated configuration component and the parameter converted by the parameter converting unit and then generating the state change data where a predetermined state change
25 is given to the data of the matching target; a matching data accumulating unit (attained by a matching data accumulating unit 104) for accumulating in advance

the data group registered for the matching; and a matching unit (attained by a matching unit 105) for matching the state change data generated by the state change data generating unit with the matching data group accumulated by the matching data accumulating unit.

Also, the data matching apparatus is the data matching apparatus, which matches the data of the object of the matching target with the data included in a data group and corresponding to the object of the matching target and may include: a state change data generating unit (attained by a state change data generating unit 102b) for generating the state change data where the data in the predetermined state is changed into the data in the state different from the predetermined state, in accordance with the conversion using the study through the data classified into each state; the matching data accumulating unit for accumulating in advance the data group registered for the matching; and the matching unit for matching the state change data generated by the state change data generating unit with the matching data group accumulated by the matching data accumulating unit. According to such configuration, it is possible to improve the matching performance of the data involving the state change and also possible to simplify the configuration of

the data matching apparatus.

Also, the data matching apparatus is the data matching apparatus, which matches the biometrics data of the person with the biometrics data corresponding to the person included in the data group and may include: the component decomposing unit for decomposing the biometrics data of the matching target into the configuration component in the predetermined state; the parameter converting unit for converting the parameter corresponding to the configuration component in the predetermined state into the parameter in the state different from the predetermined state; the state change data generating unit for accumulating the configuration component of the biometrics data classified into each state, and using the accumulated configuration component and the parameter converted by the parameter converting unit, and then generating the state change data where the predetermined state change is given to the biometrics data of the matching target; the matching data accumulating unit for accumulating in advance the data group registered for the matching; and the matching unit for matching the state change data generated by the state change data generating unit with the matching data group accumulated by the matching data accumulating unit.

Also, the data matching apparatus is the data

matching apparatus, which matches the biometrics data of a person with the biometrics data included in the data group and corresponding to a person and may include: the state change data generating unit for
5 generating the state change data where the biometrics data in the predetermined state is changed into the biometrics data in the different state from the predetermined state, in accordance with the conversion using the study through the biometrics
10 data classified into each state; the matching data accumulating unit for accumulating in advance the data group registered for the matching; and the matching unit for matching the state change data generated by the state change data generating unit
15 with the matching data group accumulated by the matching data accumulating unit.

Also, the component decomposing unit decomposes the biometrics data into the configuration component after the predetermined ageing, the
20 parameter converting unit converts the parameter corresponding to the configuration component after the predetermined ageing into the parameter after the ageing different from the predetermined ageing, the state change data generating unit accumulates the
25 configuration component of the biometrics data classified into each ageing, and uses the accumulated configuration component and the parameter converted

by the parameter converting unit, and then generates the aging data where the predetermined aging is given to the biometrics data, and the matching unit matches the aging data generated by the state change

5 generating unit with the matching data group accumulated by the matching data accumulating unit.

Also, the state change data generating unit may generate the aging data where the biometrics data after the predetermined ageing is changed into the
10 biometrics data after the ageing different from the predetermined ageing, in accordance with the conversion formed through the learning through the biometrics data classified into each ageing, and the matching unit may match the aging data generated by
15 the state change generating unit with the matching data group accumulated by the matching data accumulating unit.

Also, the data matching apparatus is the data matching apparatus for matching the face image of a
20 person of the matching target with the face image included in the face image group and corresponding to a person and may include: a component decomposing unit for decomposing the face image into the configuration component in the predetermined
25 expression; a parameter converting unit for converting the parameter corresponding to the configuration component in the predetermined

expression into the parameter in the expression
different from the predetermined expression; an
expression change data generating unit (attained by
the state change data generating unit 102) for
5 accumulating the configuration component of the face
image classified into each expression, and using the
accumulated configuration component and the
parameter converted by the parameter converting unit
and then generating the expression change data where
10 the predetermined expression change is given to the
face image; the matching data accumulating unit for
accumulating in advance the face image group
registered for the matching; and the matching unit
for matching the expression change data generated by
15 the expression change data generating unit with the
matching data group accumulated by the configuration
component accumulating unit.

Also, the data matching apparatus is the data
matching apparatus, which matches the face image of
20 a person of the matching target with the face image
included in the face image group and corresponding
to the person and may include: an expression change
data generating unit (attained by the state change
data generating unit 102b) for generating the
25 expression change data where the face image in the
predetermined expression is changed into the face
image in the expression different from the

predetermined expression, in accordance with the conversion using the study through the face image classified into each expression; the matching data accumulating unit for accumulating in advance the
5 face image group registered for the matching; and the matching unit for matching the expression change data generated by the expression change data generating unit with the matching data group accumulated by the matching data accumulating unit.

10 The data matching program according to the present invention is the data matching program which matches the data of the object of the matching target with the data included in a data group and corresponding to the object of the matching target
15 and is characterized by instructing a computer having the matching data accumulating unit for accumulating in advance the data group registered for the matching to execute: a process for decomposing the data of the matching target into the configuration component in
20 the predetermined state; a process for converting the parameter corresponding to the configuration component in the predetermined state into the parameter in the state different from the predetermined state; a process for accumulating the
25 configuration component of the data classified into each state, and using the accumulated configuration component and the converted parameter and then

generating the state change data where the predetermined state change is given to the data of the matching target; and a process for matching the generated state change data with the matching data group accumulated by the matching data accumulating unit.

Also, the data matching program is the data matching program which matches the data of the object of the matching target with the data included in a data group and corresponding to the object of the matching target and instructs the computer having the matching data accumulating unit for accumulating in advance the data group registered for the matching to execute: a process for generating the state change data where the data in the predetermined state into the data in the state different from the predetermined state, in accordance with the conversion formed through the learning by using the data classified into each state; and the process for matching the generated state change data with the matching data group accumulated by the matching data accumulating unit. According to such configuration, it is possible to improve the matching performance of the data involving the state change and also possible to simplify the configuration of the data matching apparatus.

According to the present invention, the state

change data is generated to then execute the matching.
Thus, for the state change object, only the data of
the object at the certain time can be used to execute
the matching of the high precision. Thus, when the
5 state change data is generated, in accordance with
the relative relation of the same object, the state
change data where the peculiarity of the object is
considered is used for the matching. Hence, it is
possible to improve the matching performance of the
10 data involving the state change.

According to the present invention, even if
there is only the biometrics data such as the image,
the voice and the like at a certain time, by generating
the data at the time of the state change and then
15 matching with the registration information, it is
possible to improve the performance of the matching
of the person identification, the crime investigation,
the academic investigation or the like in a security
system.

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Brief Description of Drawings

Fig. 1 is a block diagram showing an example
of the configuration of a data matching apparatus
according to the present invention;

25 Fig. 2 is a flowchart showing an example of
the data matching process where the data matching
apparatus matches a face image;

Fig. 3 is a block diagram showing another example of the configuration of the data matching apparatus;

Fig. 4 is a flowchart showing another example of the data matching process where the data matching apparatus matches the face image;

Fig. 5 is a block diagram showing an example of the configuration of the component analyzing apparatus;

Fig. 6 is a block diagram showing an example of the configuration of the state change generating apparatus;

Fig. 7 is a block diagram showing an example of the configuration of the component coefficient converting apparatus; and

Fig. 8 is a block diagram showing an example of the configuration of the state change data generating apparatus.

Best Mode for Carrying Out the Invention

THE FIRST EMBODIMENT.

The first embodiment of the present invention will be described below with reference to the drawings. Fig. 1 is a block diagram showing an example of the configuration of the data matching apparatus according to the present invention. Here, the case where the shape is changed through the aging, a face

image is used as a state change data, and the data matching apparatus is used for matching a face image at a certain time with a face image at a different time is explained.

5 The state change is not limited to the aging. Then, the data matching apparatus may be the apparatus for matching the data involving the different state change such as the expression change of a face and the like. Also, the state change data is not limited
10 to the face image, and may be the data such as the image of the various portions of the human body, a fingerprint and the like, the one-dimensional data such as the voice, sound and the like, and the three-dimensional biometrics data of a face shape and
15 the like. Also, the state change data may be the data of an animal other than the human and a plant and the data with regard to the object that is aged while having the individual property similarly to a living thing.

20 As shown in Fig. 1, the data matching apparatus includes: a component analyzing unit 101 for analyzing the component of an input data 11; a state change data generating unit 102 for generating a state (ageing) change data of the input data 11;
25 a component coefficient converting unit 103 for correlating between the databases of respective states (ageing); a matching data accumulating unit

104 for accumulating in advance the matching data;
and a matching unit 105 for matching the state
(ageing) change data with the data accumulated by the
matching data accumulating unit 104.

5 Also, the state change data generating unit
102 has a plurality of state-specific (ageing-
specific) databases DB1, ..., DBi, ..., DBn, which
accumulate the configuration components of the data
classified into respective states (ageing). Each of
10 the databases accumulates the configuration
component obtained by decomposing the measuring
quantity of an object by using a predetermined method
such as the principal component analysis and the like.
Hereafter, for comprehensively representing the
15 state-specific databases DB1 to DBn, or for
representing any of the state-specific databases, we
refer merely as the state-specific database.

 In this embodiment, the matching data
accumulating unit 104 is realized by, for example,
20 a magnetic disc device. The component analyzing unit
101, the component coefficient converting unit 103
and the matching unit 105 are realized by, for example,
a central processor in a computer and a program
executed by the central processor. The state change
25 data generating unit 102 is realized by, for example,
the magnetic disc device, the central processor in
the computer and the program executed by the central

processor.

The component analyzing unit 101 has a function for re-configuring the face image so that the deviation is the smallest, by using the configuration component in the state-specific database Bi corresponding to state (ageing) information 12 of the face image which is the input data 11. In this embodiment, the component analyzing unit 101 selects the state-specific database Bi corresponding to the state of the face image of the input data 11, for example, in accordance with the state information 12 inputted by the state change data generating unit 102, and re-configures the face image.

For example, when the component analysis is executed, a linear component analysis such as the principal component analysis and the like is used in many cases. When the face image is configured in the linear coupling of principal components, the face image is represented by the equation (1).

Equation (1):

$$I_p = c_1 P_1 + c_2 P_2 + \dots + c_m P_m$$

(Pi: Principal component, ci: Coefficient)

In this embodiment, as the component analyzing unit 101, a minimum deviation coefficient set ci where the deviation from an input face image I0 is the smallest is selected from the face images

represented by the equation (1). The component analyzing unit 101 sends the selected minimum deviation coefficient selection set c_i through the state-specific databases DB_i of the state change data generating unit 102 to the component coefficient converting unit 103.

The state change data generating unit 102 has the plurality of state-specific databases $DB_1, \dots, DB_i, \dots, DB_n$ that accumulate the configuration components of the data classified into the respective states (ageing). Also, the state change data generating unit 102 has a function for passing a coefficient set c_i corresponding to each state-specific database calculated by the component analyzing unit 101 to the component coefficient converting unit 103.

Also, the state change data generating unit 102 has a function for re-configuring the face image by using: a coefficient set d_i converted by the component coefficient converting unit 103 for the state-specific database which is different from the state-specific databases selected by the component analyzing unit 101; and the configuration component inside the different state-specific database. Also, the state change data generating unit 102 has a function for sending a re-configuration face image J_p as a state (ageing) change data to the matching

unit 105. The re-configuration face image J_p is represented by using an equation (2) as the linear coupling of the coefficient set d_i in a principal component Q_i inside the state-specific database, when
5 the principal component analysis is used.

Equation (2):

$$J_p = d_1 Q_1 + d_2 Q_2 + \dots + d_m Q_m$$

The state-specific database B_i accumulates the components, which are generated by converting
10 into major elements $\{U_1, U_2, \dots, U_j, \dots, U_p\}$ among the elements constituting each image, from face images $\{A_1, A_2, \dots, A_i, \dots, A_p\}$ in a certain age, through a predetermined calculation, as the configuration components. For example, in the case
15 of using the principal component analysis, the state-specific database accumulates the value, which is obtained by singular value decomposition of the matrix where a pixel $A_i(x, y)$ of each image is arranged as a column vector, as the configuration component.
20 In this case, the matrix where the pixel $A_i(x, y)$ of each image is arranged as the column vector is represented by an equation (3).

[Numeral 1]

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} A_1(0,0) & \dots & A_i(0,0) & \dots & A_p(0,0) \\ \vdots & \dots & \vdots & \dots & \vdots \\ A_1(x,y) & \dots & A_i(x,y) & \dots & A_p(x,y) \\ \vdots & \dots & \vdots & \dots & \vdots \\ A_1(m,n) & \dots & A_i(m,n) & \dots & A_p(m,n) \end{bmatrix} \quad \text{EQUATION (3)}$$

The state-specific database accumulates, as the configuration components, the former p column vectors $\{U_1, U_2, \dots, U_j, \dots, U_p\}$ of an orthogonal matrix obtained by applying the singular value

5 decomposition represented by the equation (4) to the matrix represented by the equation (3)

Equation (4):

$$A = USV^t$$

10 By the way, in the equation (4), S is the matrix where the elements except diagonal components are 0, and the diagonal components are arranged in a descending order of an absolute value.

Also, in order to correlate the respective

15 state-specific databases, between the two state-specific databases, the face images of the same persons are generated in advance correspondingly to

the number of the components to be used, respectively.
For example, when 30 configuration components are
used, in the two state-specific databases, the face
images in both of the states (ageing) are generated
5 correspondingly for 30 or more persons, and the
configuration components of the respective state-
specific databases are generated and accumulated in
advance.

The component coefficient converting unit
10 103 has a function for converting a coefficient that
is multiplied to the configuration component of the
state-specific database. For example, the case of
using the principal component analysis is
exemplified.

15 For example, the two state-specific
databases DB_i , DB_j are used, and the principal
components of the databases DB_i , DB_j are assumed to
be P_i ($i=1, \dots, n$) and Q_j ($j=1, \dots, n$), respectively,
and the coefficients of the principal components are
20 assumed to be c_i ($i=1, \dots, n$) and d_j ($j=1, \dots, n$),
respectively. In this case, in order to convert from
the coefficient c_i to the coefficient d_j , a plurality
of face images I_p , J_p belonging to both of the states
(ageing) respectively corresponding to the databases
25 DB_i , DB_j under the faces of the same persons are used.
Here, the face images I_p , J_p are represented by
equations (5) and (6) respectively, by using the

equation (1).

Equation (5):

$$I_p = c_1 P_1 + c_2 P_2 + \dots + c_n P_n$$

Equation (6):

5 $J_p = d_1 Q_1 + d_2 Q_2 + \dots + d_n Q_n$

Thus, supposing that the conversion from the coefficients c_i to the coefficients d_j is a linear conversion T , and supposing a coefficient set of a person A is represented by $\{C_i A, D_j A\}$, a coefficient set of a person B is represented by $\{C_i B, D_j B\}$ and so on. Then, the coefficient set of the person B $\{C_i B, D_j B\}$ etc. is represented by an equation (7).

Equation (7):

$$[D_j A, D_j B, \dots] = T[C_i A, C_i B, \dots]$$

15 Here, in the equation (7), $C_i A$ and $D_j A$ are the column vectors where the coefficients c_i, d_i in the equation (4) and the equation (5) are vertically arranged. Thus, the linear conversion T can be calculated by using an equation (8), when $C = [C_i A, C_i B, \dots]$ and $D = [D_j A, D_j B, \dots]$ are assumed.

Equation (8):

$$T = D C^t (C C^t)^{-1}$$

The component coefficient converting unit 103 may execute the conversion from c_i to d_j by using a nonlinear conversion. For example, the component coefficient converting unit 103 may define the coefficient set $\{c_i, d_j\}$, in which they correspond

to the databases DBi, DBj in the faces of the same persons, respectively, as the learning data, and execute the coefficient conversion by using the neural network.

5 The matching data accumulating unit 104 is a database for accumulating the data for the matching and accumulates in advance the data registered for the matching. The matching data accumulating unit 104 is realized by, for example, a data storage unit
10 of the usual matching apparatus. The matching data accumulating unit 104 accumulates in advance the data groups for a current face image of a person and a face image having no expression, for example, as the data for the matching.

15 The matching unit 105 having a function for comparing and matching the state change data generated by the state change data generating unit 102 with the registration data accumulated by the matching data accumulating unit 104 and outputting
20 a matching result 18. For example, the matching unit 105 determines the difference between the state (ageing) change data and the registration data and judges the data, in which the determined difference is the smallest, as the data of the person itself.
25 The method is not limited to those using the difference. The matching unit 105 can execute the matching by using the other matching method.

Also, the matching unit 105 matches the plurality of state change data generated by the state change data generating unit 102 with the registration data, as shown in Fig. 1. Thus, the matching unit 105
5 matches the plurality of state change data with the registration data, and then regards the data, which has the minimum difference among the entire differences, as the data of the person itself, and can consequently execute the matching corresponding
10 to the state (ageing) change. When the state (ageing) of the data accumulated by the matching database (the matching data accumulating unit 104) is known, the matching unit 105 may match the state change data of only the state (age) corresponding to the
15 registration data with the registration data. If so, a matching time can be reduced.

The operations will be described below. Fig. 2 is the flowchart showing an example of the data matching process where the data matching apparatus
20 matches the face image. The component analyzing unit 101 inputs the input data 11 of a matching target, in accordance with an input operation by a user (Step S101). In this example, the component analyzing unit 101 inputs the face image of the matching target as
25 the input data 11.

Also, the state change data generating unit 102 inputs the state information 12 indicating the

state of the input data 11, in accordance with the input operation of the user (Step S102). For example, the state change data generating unit 102 inputs the year and year zone (age) of the person of the face
5 image in the input data 11. Also, for example, the state change data generating unit 102 inputs the information indicating the expression of the face image in the input data 11, such as the feeling and the like, as the state information 12.

10 The component analyzing unit 101 selects the state-specific database Bi corresponding to the state of the input data 11 of the matching target, in accordance with the state information 12, from the state-specific databases DB of the state change data
15 generating unit 102 (Step S103). Also, the component analyzing unit 101 extracts the configuration component from the selected state-specific database, analyzes the input data 11 and calculates a configuration component coefficient (Step S104).
20 Also, the component analyzing unit 101 sends the calculated configuration component coefficient through the state-specific database in the state change data generating unit 102 to the component coefficient converting unit 103.

25 The component coefficient converting unit 103 converts the configuration component coefficient calculated by the component analyzing unit 101, into

the configuration component coefficient
corresponding to the state-specific database other
than the state-specific database selected by the
component analyzing unit 101 (Step S105). The state
5 change data generating unit 102 extracts the
configuration component from the state-specific
database corresponding to the configuration
component coefficient after the conversion and
generates the state change data in accordance with
10 the configuration component coefficient converted by
the component coefficient converting unit 103 and the
extracted configuration component (Step S106).

The matching unit 105 extracts the
registration data from the matching data accumulating
15 unit 104. Then, the matching unit 105 matches the
state change data generated by the state change data
generating unit 102 with the registration data
accumulated by the matching data accumulating unit
104, and outputs the matching result 18 (Step S108).

20 As mentioned above, according to this
embodiment, since the data before the state change
and after the state change is generated to execute
the matching, for the state change object, only the
data of the object at a certain time can be used to
25 then execute the matching of the high precision. Thus,
at the time of the generation of the state change data,
by using for the matching the state change data where

the peculiarity of the object is considered on the basis of the relative relations of the same object, it is possible to improve the matching performance of the data involving the state change.

5 Also, in this embodiment, the feature of the object is decomposed into the configuration components. Thus, by using even the statistical state feature that is difficult to manually represent, it is possible to execute the matching of the high
10 precision. Hence, by using for the matching the state change data where the statistical state change is added to the data before the state change and the feature of the rough state change is also added, it is possible to improve the matching performance of
15 the data involving the state change.

 Also, according to this embodiment, it can be processed independently of the time axis. Thus, when the process for giving the aging as the state change is executed, the matching of the high precision can
20 be performed on another aging of not only the ageing change but also the aging towards the young direction and the like.

 Also, according to this embodiment, since the state change data in the plurality of states can be
25 generated and used for the matching, by coping with the plurality of state changes, it is possible to execute the matching of the high precision. Also,

according to this embodiment, by giving the
correspondence of the configuration component
between the respective state categories and using for
the matching the state change data in which the
5 typical state change in each age is added to the data
before the state change, it is possible to improve
the matching performance of the data in the particular
state.

Also, according to this embodiment, since the
10 addition of the state change to be generated at the
time of the matching can be automatically executed,
the burden on the worker at the time of the matching
can be reduced. Thus, it is possible to add the
statistical state change to the data before the state
15 change, and automatically generate the state change
data to be generated at the time of the matching and
consequently reduce the burden on the worker at the
time of the data matching.

Moreover, according to this embodiment, the
20 existing many matching systems can be used to realize
the data matching apparatus. Thus, it is possible to
easily assemble the system (data matching apparatus)
and possible to change the system.

THE SECOND EMBODIMENT.

25 The second embodiment of the present
invention will be described below with reference to
the drawings. Fig. 3 is a block diagram showing

another example of the configuration of the data matching apparatus. This embodiment differs from the first embodiment in that the data matching apparatus does not include the component analyzing unit 101 and the component coefficient converting unit 103, in the configuration elements shown in Fig. 1. Also, in this embodiment, the process of the state change data generating unit 102b in the data matching apparatus differs from the process of the state change data generating unit 102 shown in the first embodiment.

In this embodiment, the state change data generating unit 102b inputs a face image, which is the input data 11, to the state-specific database corresponding to the state (ageing) information 12 of the input data 11. The state change data generating unit 102b directly sends the input data 11 to the other state-specific databases except the state-specific database corresponding to the input data 11 and generates the face images (state change data) of the states (ageing) other than the state of the input data 11. Then, the state change data generating unit 102b sends the generated face image to the matching unit 105.

In this embodiment, the state change data generating unit 102b generates the state change data by directly converting the face image from a certain

state into the other state without using the configuration component. For this reason, between the respective state-specific databases, the data classified into each state (ageing) of the same person
5 is accumulated in advance to generate a neural network. Then, the state change data generating unit 102b uses the pre-generated neural network and generates the converted face image. In this embodiment, for example, the state change data generating unit 102b
10 defines the pre-accumulated state-specific database of the same person as the learning data, and uses the neural network and then executes the converting process and consequently generates the face image.

In this embodiment, the large quantity of the
15 state-specific data of the same person is required, because of the learning in the neural network, as compared with the first embodiment. However, the configuration of the data matching apparatus can be simplified.

20 The operations will be described below. Fig. 4 is a flowchart showing another example of the data matching process where the data matching apparatus executes the matching of face images. The state change data generating unit 102b inputs the input data
25 11 of the matching target, in accordance with the input operation by the user (Step S201). In this embodiment, the state change data generating unit

102b inputs the face image of the matching target as the input data 11.

Also, the state change data generating unit 102b inputs the state information 12 indicating the state of the input data 11, in accordance with the
5 input operation of the user (Step S202). For example, the state change data generating unit 102b inputs the year and year zone (age) of the person of the face image of the input data 11. Also, for example, the
10 state change data generating unit 102b inputs the information indicating the expression of the face image of the input data 11, such as the feeling and the like, as the state information 12.

The state change data generating unit 102b
15 converts the input data 11 into the state change data of the state (age) other than the state of the input data 11 (Step S203). In this case, the state change data generating unit 102b generates the state change data by using the already-learned neural network, in
20 accordance with the state information 12.

The matching unit 105 extracts the registration data from the matching data accumulating unit 104. Then, the matching unit 105 matches the state change data generated by the state change data
25 generating unit 102b with the registration data accumulated by the matching data accumulating unit 104, and outputs the matching result 18 (Step S204).

As mentioned above, according to this embodiment, the data matching apparatus, even if the component analyzing unit 101 and component coefficient converting unit 103 shown in the first embodiment do not exist, can obtain the effect similar to the data matching apparatus indicated in the first embodiment. Thus, it is possible to improve the matching performance of the data involving the state change and also possible to simplify the configuration of the data matching apparatus.

THE THIRD EMBODIMENT.

The third embodiment of the present invention will be described below with reference to the drawings. This embodiment corresponds to the apparatus where the data matching apparatus in the first embodiment is made into the specific apparatus. In this embodiment, the data matching apparatus includes: a component coefficient converter where the component coefficient converting unit 103 is made into an apparatus; the state change generator where the state change data generating unit 102 is made into an apparatus; the component analyzer where the component analyzing unit 101 is made into an apparatus; the matching data accumulator where the matching data accumulating unit 104 is made into an apparatus; and the matching device where the matching unit 105 is made into an apparatus.

Fig. 5 is a block diagram showing an example of the configuration of the component analyzer 101a where the component analyzing unit 101 is made into an apparatus. As shown in Fig. 5, the component
5 analyzer 101a includes a calculator 101b, an input data storage device 101c and a configuration component storage device 101d.

The input data storage device 101c is specifically realized by a memory and a magnetic disc
10 device. The input data storage device 101c has a function for accumulating the face image of the input data 11. The configuration component storage device 101d is specifically realized by a memory and a magnetic disc device. The configuration component
15 storage device 101d has a function for accumulating the configuration component sent from the state change generator 102a where the state change data generating unit 102 is made into an apparatus.

The calculator 101b is realized by a CPU that
20 is operated in accordance with a program. The calculator 101b carries out the data processing that uses the input data 11 and the configuration component. The calculator 101b executes the calculating process similar to the component analyzing unit 101 shown in
25 the first embodiment, in accordance with the face image accumulated by the input data storage device 101c and the configuration component accumulated by

the configuration component storage device 101d, and determines the configuration component coefficient. Then, the calculator 101b sends the determined configuration component coefficient to the state
5 change generator 102a.

Fig. 6 is a block diagram showing an example of the configuration of the state change generator 102a where the state change data generating unit 102 is made into an apparatus. As shown in Fig. 6, the
10 state change generator 102a includes a calculator 102c, a state-specific configuration component storage device 102d and a state selector 102e.

The state selector 102e is specifically realized by a semiconductor circuit for switching or
15 the like. The state selector 102e has a function for selecting the state-specific database to extract the configuration component to be sent to the component analyzer 101a, in accordance with the state information 12. The state-specific configuration
20 component storage device 102d is specifically realized by a memory or a magnetic disc device. The state-specific configuration component storage device 102d has a function for accumulating the configuration component of a face image for each state.
25 The calculator 102c is realized by a CPU that is operated in accordance with a program. The calculator 102c has a function for generating the

state change data in accordance with the configuration component coefficients and the configuration components of the face image for each state.

5 In this embodiment, the state selector 102e selects the state-specific database corresponding to the state information 12 and extracts the configuration component from the selected database and then sends to the component analyzer 101a. Also,
10 the state selector 102e sends the configuration component coefficients calculated by the component analyzer 101a to a component coefficient converter 103a where the component coefficient converting unit 103 is made into an apparatus. The calculator 102c
15 executes the calculation by using the equation (2), in accordance with the configuration component coefficient converted by the component coefficient converter 103a and the configuration component of the state-specific database corresponding to the
20 configuration component coefficient after the conversion, and generates the state change data.

Fig. 7 is a block diagram showing an example of the configuration of the component coefficient converter 103a where the component coefficient
25 converting unit 103 is made into an apparatus. As shown in Fig. 7, the component coefficient converter 103a includes a calculator 103b. The calculator 103b

is specifically realized by a CPU operated in accordance with a program. The calculator 103b has a function for converting the configuration component coefficient from the state change generator 102a,
5 into the configuration component coefficient corresponding to the state-specific database different from the state-specific database corresponding to the configuration component coefficient. The calculator 103b converts the
10 configuration component coefficient by using the converting method similar to the component coefficient converting unit 103 shown in the first embodiment.

The matching data accumulator where the
15 matching data accumulating unit 104 is made into an apparatus is specifically realized by a storage device, such as a memory, a magnetic disc device and the like.

A matching device 105a where the matching unit
20 105 is made into an apparatus is different in apparatus configuration, depending on the matching method. Specifically, this is realized by a computer which has a storage device, such as a memory, a magnetic disc device and the like, and a calculator,
25 such as a CPU operated in accordance with a program and the like.

Fourth Embodiment

The fourth embodiment of the present invention will be described below with reference to the drawings. This embodiment corresponds to the apparatus where the data matching apparatus in the second embodiment is made into a specific apparatus. In this embodiment, the data matching apparatus includes: the state change generator where the state change data generating unit 102 is made into an apparatus; the matching data accumulator where the matching data accumulating unit 104 is made into an apparatus; and the matching device where the matching unit 105 is made into an apparatus.

In this embodiment, the configurations of the matching data accumulator and matching device are similar to the configurations of the matching data accumulator and matching device 105a shown in the third embodiment.

Fig. 8 is a block diagram showing an example of the configuration of a state change data generator 102f where the state change data generating unit 102 is made into an apparatus. As shown in Fig. 8, the state change data generator 102f contains a state selector 102g and calculators 102i.

The state selector 102g is specifically realized by a semiconductor circuit for switching and the like. The state selector 102g, when receiving the input data 11 and the state (ageing) information 12,

sends an input image (input data) to the calculator 102i, which carries out a neural network calculation for converting the input data 11 into a state other than the state indicated in the state information 12, among the calculators 102i. The calculator 102i is specifically realized by a CPU operated in accordance with a program. Each of the calculators 102i converts the input data 11 into the face image in the state different from the state indicated in the state information 12, and generates the state change data and then outputs to the matching device 105a.

In the first embodiment, the data matching method executed by the data matching apparatus may be realized by the data matching program which can be executed on a calculating apparatus. Then, the data matching program may be stored in an information recording medium, which can be read in the calculating apparatus, and loaded into the calculating apparatus. Consequently, the data matching process indicated in the first embodiment may be executed on the calculating apparatus.

For example, the data matching process may be executed by loading, into the calculating apparatus, the data matching program for instructing a computer to execute: the process for decomposing the data of the matching target into the configuration component in the predetermined state; the process for

converting the parameter corresponding to the configuration component in the predetermined state into the parameter in the state different from the predetermined state; the process for accumulating the configuration component of the data classified into each state and using the accumulated configuration component and the converted parameter and then generating the state change data where the predetermined state change is given to the data of the matching target; and the process for matching the generated state change data with the matching data group accumulated by the matching data accumulating unit.

Also, in the second embodiment, the data matching method executed by the data matching apparatus may be realized by the data matching program which can be executed on the calculating apparatus. Then, the data matching program may be stored in the information recording medium which can be read by the calculating apparatus and loaded into the calculating apparatus so that the data matching process indicated in the second embodiment may be executed on the calculating apparatus.

For example, the data matching process may be executed by loading, into the calculating apparatus, the data matching program for instructing the computer to execute: the process for generating the

state change data where the data in the predetermined state is changed into the data in the state different from the predetermined state, in accordance with the conversion using the study through the data .

- 5 classified into each state; and the process for matching the generated state change data with the matching data group accumulated by the matching data accumulating unit.